

Lecture Note I- 9 Standards Wars

- Classification of standards wars
- Tactics for standards wars

Standard Wars

- Two new incompatible technologies struggle to become a de facto standard
- Examples
 - North v. South (in railroad gauges)
 - Edison v. Westinghouse (in electricity)
 - NBC v. CBS (in color TV)
 - 3Com v. Rockwell/Lucent (in modem)
 - United States v. Japan (in HDTV)
- Wars can end
 - A truce (as with modems)
 - A duopoly (as in video games) : Nintendo v Sony
 - A fight to the death (as with VCRs)

Recent Standards Wars

- AM stereo
 - mutually destructive
 - Auto industry invested, radio didn't
- Digital wireless phones
 - two incompatible technologies
 - Europe: GSM Global system for Mobile Communication), 108 countries adopt
 - US: GSM, TDMA (cousin of GSM), CDMA compete
 - TDMA: 5 million
 - CDMA: 2.5 million
 - GSM: 1 million
- 56 k Modems
 - resolved through a standard agreement
 - US Robotics x2 attempted preemption
 - Rockwell/Lucent K56 Flex
 - Compromise standard **ITU V.90**

Classification of Wars

	Compatible	Incompatible
Compatible	Rival Evolution	Evolution v. Revolution
Incompatible	Revolution v. Evolution	Rival Revolution

Examples

- Rival evolution
 - DVD v. Divx, 56k modem, various flavors of Unix
- Rival revolutions
 - Nintendo 64 v. Sony PlayStation
- Evolution v. Revolution
 - Spreadsheet (Lotus 1-2-3 v Excel), database (dBase IV v Paradox)

Key Assets in Network Markets

- Control over an installed base
- Intellectual property rights
- Ability to innovate
- First-mover advantages
- Manufacturing
- Strength in complements
- Reputation and brand name

Two Basic Tactics

- Preemption
 - Build installed base early for positive feedback
 - But watch out for
 - rapid technological progress
 - Imperfect Quality
- Expectations management
 - Manage expectations
 - But watch out for vaporware
 - Announce an upcoming product so as to freeze your rival's sales

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Once You've Won

- Staying on your guard
 - Offer a migration path fend off challenges from upstarts
 - French's Minitel system (1980, online transaction system)
- Commoditize complementary products
 - Retain franchise as the market leader but encourage a competitive market for complements
- Competing against your own installed base
 - Durable goods monopoly (Intel again)

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Once You've Won (cont')

- Protect your position
 - Attract important complementors
- Leverage installed base
 - Expand network geographically
- Stay a leader
 - Develop proprietary extensions

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What if You Fall Behind?

- Adapters and interconnection
 - Target a market niche or interconnect with the larger networks
- Survival pricing
 - Hard to pull off
 - Different from penetration pricing
- Legal approaches
 - Renege the openness promise

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Battle of the Browsers: Microsoft v. Netscape

- Characteristics
 - Rival evolutions
 - Low switching costs
 - Small network externality
- Strategies
 - Preemption in distribution
 - Penetration pricing
 - Expectations management
 - Alliances

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Summary

- Understand the type of war
 - Rival evolution
 - Rival revolution
 - Revolution v Evolution
- Strength depends on 7 critical assets
- Preemption is a critical tactic
- Expectations management is critical
- When you've won the war, don't rest easy
- If you fall behind, avoid survival pricing

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